

**ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH ĐẠI HỌC NĂM 2009**

**MÔN THI: ANH VĂN; Khối D**

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề  
Mã đề thi 469

**ĐỀ THI GỒM 80 CÂU (TỪ QUESTION 1 ĐẾN QUESTION 80)**

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 1:** We couldn't fly \_\_\_\_\_ because all the tickets had been sold out.  
A. economics       B. economy      C. economical      D. economic
- Question 2:** "Buy me a newspaper on your way back, \_\_\_\_\_?"  
 A. will you      B. can't you      C. do you      D. don't you
- Question 3:** My mother told me to \_\_\_\_\_ for electrician when her fan was out of order.  
A. turn      B. rent       C. send      D. write
- Question 4:** Lora: "Your new blouse looks gorgeous, Helen!"  
Helen: " \_\_\_\_\_".  
A. It's up to you       B. Thanks, I bought it at Macy's  
C. I'd rather not      D. You can say that again
- Question 5:** She had to hand in her notice \_\_\_\_\_ advance when she decided to leave the job.  
 A. in      B. from      C. with      D. to
- Question 6:** There was nothing they could do \_\_\_\_\_ leave the car at the roadside where it had broken down.  
A. unless      B. instead of      C. than       D. but
- Question 7:** Through an \_\_\_\_\_, your letter was left unanswered.  
A. overcharge      B. overtime       C. oversight      D. overtone
- Question 8:** There should be an international law against \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. reforestation      B. forestry      C. afforestation       D. deforestation
- Question 9:** Susan's doctor insists \_\_\_\_\_ for a few days.  
A. her resting       B. that she rest      C. her to rest      D. that she is resting
- Question 10:** "This library card will give you free access \_\_\_\_\_ the Internet eight hours a day."  
 A. to      B. in      C. on      D. from
- Question 11:** - "How do you like your steak done?"  
- " \_\_\_\_\_".  
A. Very much       B. Well done      C. Very little      D. I don't like it much.
- Question 12:** John: "Do you think that we should use public transportation to protect our environment?"  
Laura: " \_\_\_\_\_".  
 A. There's no doubt about it.      B. Well, that's very surprising.  
C. Of course not. You bet!      D. Yes, it's an absurd idea.
- Question 13:** The United States consists of fifty states \_\_\_\_\_ has its own government.  
A. they each       B. each of which      C. hence each      D. each of that
- Question 14:** The forecast has revealed that the world's reserves of fossil fuel will have \_\_\_\_\_ by 2015.  
 A. run out      B. taken over      C. caught up      D. used off
- Question 15:** "Please, will you just tidy your room, and stop \_\_\_\_\_ excuses!"  
 A. making      B. doing      C. having      D. taking
- Question 16:** Only when you grow up \_\_\_\_\_ the truth.  
A. do you know      B. you will know       C. will you know      D. you know
- Question 17:** They didn't find \_\_\_\_\_ in a foreign country.  
 A. it easy to live      B. it easy live      C. easy to live      D. it to live easy

**Question 18:** "I'd rather you \_\_\_\_\_ home now."

- A. go                      B. going                      C. gone                      **(D) went**

**Question 19:** "Don't worry. I have \_\_\_\_\_ tire at the back of my car."

- (A) another**                      B. the other                      C. other                      D. others

**Question 20:** - "Don't fail to send your parents my regards."

- "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A It's my pleasure    B. You're welcome    **(C) Thanks, I will**                      D. Good idea, thanks

**Question 21:** The kitchen \_\_\_\_\_ dirty because she has just cleaned it.

- A. may be                      B. should be                      C. mustn't be                      **(D) can't be**

**Question 22:** Jane \_\_\_\_\_ law for four years now at Harvard.

- (A) has been studying**    B. is studying                      C. studies                      D. studied

**Question 23:** \_\_\_\_\_ he arrived at the bus stop when the bus came.

- (A) Hardly had**                      B. No sooner had                      C. No longer has                      D. Not until had

**Question 24:** He \_\_\_\_\_ to the doctor after the accident, but he continued to play instead.

- A, must have gone    B. couldn't go                      C. didn't have to go                      **(D) should have gone**

**Question 25:** John paid \$2 for his meal, \_\_\_\_\_ he had thought it would cost.

- (A) not so much as**    B. not so many as                      C. not as much                      D. less as

**Question 26:** It is very important for a firm or a company to keep \_\_\_\_\_ the changes in the market.

- A. touch with                      **(B) up with**                      C. pace of                      D. track about

**Question 27:** - "Mum, I've got 600 on the TOEFL test."

- "\_\_\_\_\_"

- (A) Good job!**                      B. Good way!                      C. You are right.                      D. Oh, hard luck!

**Question 28:** I won't change my mind \_\_\_\_\_ what you say.

- A. whether                      **(B) no matter**                      C. because                      D. although

**Question 29:** "How many times have I told you \_\_\_\_\_ football in the street?"

- (A) not to play**                      B. do not play                      C. not playing                      D. not to have played

**Question 30:** - "Should we bring a lot of money on the trip?"

- "Yes. \_\_\_\_\_ we decide to stay longer."

- A. So that                      B. Because                      **(C) In case**                      D. Though

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs correction.**

**Question 31:** Although smokers are aware that smoking is harmful to their health, they can't get rid it.

- A                      B                      C                      **(D)**

**Question 32:** Even though the extremely bad weather in the mountains, the climbers decided

- (A)**                      B

not to cancel their climb.

- C                      D

**Question 33:** Bill was about average in performance in comparison with other students in his class.

- A                      B                      **(C)**                      D

**Question 34:** The media have produced live covering of Michael Jackson's fans around the world

- A                      **(B)**                      C

mourning for him.

- D

**Question 35:** Found in the 12<sup>th</sup> century, Oxford University ranks among the world's oldest universities.

- (A)**                      B                      C                      D

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 45.**

Probably the most famous film commenting on the twentieth-century technology is *Modern Times*, made in 1936. Charlie Chaplin was motivated to make the film by a reporter who, while interviewing him, happened to describe the working conditions in industrial Detroit. Chaplin was told that healthy

young farm boys were lured to the city to work on automotive assembly line. Within four or five years, these young men's health was destroyed by the stress of work in the factories.

The film opens with a shot of a mass of sheep making their way down a crowded ramp.

Abruptly, the film shifts to a scene of factory worker **jostling one another** on their way to a factory. However, the rather bitter note of criticism in the implied comparison is not sustained. It is replaced by a gentle note of satire. Chaplin prefers to entertain rather than lecture.

Scenes of factory interiors account for only about one-third of *Modern Times*, but they contain some of the most pointed social commentary as well as the most comic situations. No one who has seen the film can ever forget Chaplin **vainly** trying to keep pace with the fast-moving conveyor belt, almost losing his mind in the process. Another popular scene involves an automatic feeding machine brought to the assembly line so that workers need not interrupt their labor to eat. The feeding machine malfunctions, hurling food at Chaplin, who is strapped in his position on the assembly line and cannot escape. **This** serves to illustrate people's utter helplessness in the face of machines that are meant to serve their basic needs.

Clearly, *Modern Times* has its faults, but it remains the best film treating technology within a social context. It does not offer a radical social message, but it does accurately reflect the sentiment of many who feel they are victims of an over-mechanised world.

**Question 36:** According to the passage, Chaplin got the idea for *Modern Times* from\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a movie                       B. a conversation                      C. a newspaper                      D. fieldwork

**Question 37:** The young farm boys went to the city because they were\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. promised better accommodation                      B. driven out of their sheep farm  
 C. attracted by the prospect of a better life                      D. forced to leave their sheep farm

**Question 38:** The phrase “**jostling one another**” in the third paragraph is closest in meaning to “\_\_\_\_\_”.

- A. jogging side by side                       B. pushing one another  
C. hurrying up together                      D. running against each other

**Question 39:** According to the passage, the opening scene of the film is intended\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to reveal the situation of the factory workers.                      B. to introduce the main characters of the film  
 C. to produce a tacit association                      D. to give the setting for the entire plot later

**Question 40:** The word “**vainly**” in the fourth paragraph is closest in meaning to “\_\_\_\_\_”.

- A. recklessly                      B. carelessly                       C. hopelessly                      D. effortlessly

**Question 41:** The word “**This**” in the fourth paragraph refers to\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the scene of an assembly line in operation  
 B. the scene of the malfunction of the feeding machine  
C. the malfunction of the twentieth-century technology  
D. the situation of young workers in a factory

**Question 42:** According to the author, about two-thirds of *Modern Times*\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. entertains the audience most                      B. is rather discouraging  
 C. was shot outside a factory                      D. is more critical than the rest

**Question 43:** The author refers to all of the following notions to describe *Modern Times* EXCEPT “\_\_\_\_\_”.

- A. satire                      B. entertainment                      C. criticism                       D. revolution

**Question 44:** Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. The working conditions in the car factories of the 1930s were very stressful.  
 B. In *Modern Times*, the factory workers' basic needs are well met.  
C. The author does not consider *Modern Times* a perfect film.  
D. *Modern Times* depicts the over-mechanised world from a social viewpoint.

**Question 45:** The passage was written to\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. criticize the factory system of the 1930s                      B. explain Chaplin's style of acting  
C. review one of Chaplin's popular films                      D. discuss the disadvantages of technology

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**Question 46:** “Why don’t you reply to the President’s offer right now?” said Mary to her husband.

- A. Mary ordered her husband to reply to the President’s offer right now.
- B. Mary suggested that her husband should reply to the President’s offer without delay.
- C. Mary told her husband why he didn’t reply to the President’s offer then.
- D. Mary wondered why her husband didn’t reply to the President’s offer then.

**Question 47:** She said, “John, I’ll show you round my city when you’re here.”

- A. She organized a trip round her city for John.
- B. She planned to show John round her city.
- C. She made a trip round her city with John.
- D. She promised to show John round her city.

**Question 48:** The film didn’t come up to my expectations.

- A. The film was as good as I expected.
- B. I expected the film to end more abruptly.
- C. The film fell short of my expectations.
- D. I expected the film to be more boring.

**Question 49:** He talked about nothing except the weather.

- A. His sole topic of conversation was the weather.
- B. He had nothing to say about the weather.
- C. He said that he had no interest in the weather.
- D. He talked about everything including the weather.

**Question 50:** It doesn’t matter to them which film they go to.

- A. Whatever films are shown, they never see.
- B. They don’t care about the cost of the films they see.
- C. Which film they go to matters more than the cost.
- D. They don’t mind which film they go to.

**Question 51:** He survived the operation thanks to the skilful surgeon.

- A. He survived because he was a skilful surgeon.
- B. Though the surgeon was skilful, he couldn’t survive the operation.
- C. He wouldn’t have survived the operation without the skilful surgeon.
- D. There was no skilful surgeon, so he died.

**Question 52:** Peter had very little money but managed to make ends meet.

- A. Peter could hardly live on little money.
- B. Having little money, Peter couldn’t make ends meet.
- C. Peter found it hard to live on very little money.
- D. Peter got by on very little money.

**Question 53:** “Please don’t drive so fast, Tom.” Said Lisa.

- A. Lisa insisted on Tom’s driving on.
- B. Lisa complained about Tom’s driving too fast.
- C. Lisa pleaded with Tom not to drive too fast.
- D. Lisa grumbled to Tom about driving slowly.

**Question 54:** James was the last to know about the change of schedule.

- A. The last thing James knew was the change of schedule.
- B. At last James was able to know about the change of schedule.
- C. Among the last people informed of the change of schedule was did.
- D. Everyone had heard about the change of schedule before James did.

**Question 55:** There’s no point in persuading Jane to change her mind.

- A. It’s possible for us to persuade Jane to change her mind.
- B. Jane will change her mind though she doesn’t want to.
- C. It’s useless to persuade Jane to change her mind.
- D. No one wants Jane to change her mind because it’s pointless.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 56 to 65.**

Very few people in the modern world obtain their food supply by hunting and gathering in the natural environment surrounding their homes. This method of harvesting from nature's provision is the oldest known subsistence strategy and has been practised for at least the last two million years. It was, indeed, the only way to obtain food until rudimentary farming and the **domestication** of wild animals were introduced about 10,000 years ago.

Because hunter-gatherers have fared poorly in comparison with their agricultural cousins, their numbers have dwindled, and they have been forced to live in **marginal** environments, such as deserts and arctic wastelands. In higher latitudes, the shorter growing seasons have restricted the availability of plant life. Such **conditions** have caused a greater dependence on hunting, and on fishing along the coasts and waterways. The abundance of vegetation in the lower latitudes of the tropics, on the other hand, has provided a greater opportunity for gathering a variety of plants. In short, the environmental differences have restricted the diet and have limited possibilities for the development of subsistence societies.

Contemporary hunter-gatherers may help us understand our prehistoric ancestors. We know from the observation of modern hunter-gatherers in both Africa and Alaska that a society based on hunting and gathering must be very mobile. While the entire community camps in a central location, a smaller party harvests the food within a reasonable distance from the camp. When the food in the area has become exhausted, the community moves on to exploit another site. We also notice seasonal migration patterns evolving for most hunter-gatherers, along with a strict division of labor between the sexes. These patterns of behavior may be similar to those practised by mankind during the Paleolithic Period.

**Question 56:** The word “**domestication**” in the first paragraph mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. hatching and raising new species of wild animals in the home
- B. adapting animals to suit a new working environment
- C. teaching animals to do a particular job or activity in the home
- D. making wild animals used to living with and working for humans

**Question 57:** According to the passage, subsistence societies depend mainly on \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. agricultural products
- B. hunter-gatherers' tools
- C. nature's provision
- D. farming methods

**Question 58:** The word “**marginal**” in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to “\_\_\_\_\_”.

- A. forgotten
- B. suburban
- C. disadvantaged
- D. abandoned

**Question 59:** In the lower latitudes of the tropics, hunter-gatherers \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. have better food gathering from nature
- B. can free themselves from hunting
- C. harvest shorter seasonal crops
- D. live along the coasts and waterways for fishing

**Question 60:** According to the passage, studies of contemporary subsistence societies can provide a

- A. further understanding of prehistoric times
- B. broader vision of prehistoric natural environments
- C. further understanding of modern subsistence societies
- D. deeper insight into the dry-land farming

**Question 61:** The word “**conditions**” in the second paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the environments where it is not favorable for vegetation to grow
- B. the situations in which hunter-gatherers hardly find anything to eat
- C. the places where plenty of animals and fish can be found
- D. the situations in which hunter-gatherers can grow some crops

**Question 62:** A typical feature of both modern and prehistoric hunter-gatherers is that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. they live in the forests for all their life
- B. they often change their living places
- C. they don't have a strong sense of community
- D. they don't have a healthy and balanced diet

**Question 63:** According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned?

- A. The number of hunter-gatherers decreases where farming is convenient.
- B. Hunting or fishing develops where there are no or short growing seasons.
- C. Harvesting from the natural environment had existed long before farming was taken up.
- D. The environmental differences produce no effect on subsistence societies.

**Question 64:** According to the author, most contemporary and prehistoric hunter-gatherers share \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. only the way of duty division
- B. some restricted daily rules
- C. some methods of production
- D. some patterns of behavior

**Question 65:** Which of the following would serve as the best title of the passage?

- A. Hunter-gatherers: Always on the Move
- B. Hunter-gatherers and Subsistence Societies
- C. Evolution of Humans' Farming Methods
- D. A Brief History of Subsistence Farming

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks from 66 to 75.**

Some time ago, scientists began experiments to find out (66)\_\_\_\_\_ it would be possible to set up a "village" under the sea. A special room was built and lowered (67)\_\_\_\_\_ the water of Port Sudan in the Red Sea. For 29 days, five men lived (68)\_\_\_\_\_ a depth of 40 feet. At a (69)\_\_\_\_\_ lower level, another two divers stayed for a week in a smaller "house". On returning to the surface, the men said that they had experienced no difficulty in breathing and had (70)\_\_\_\_\_ many interesting scientific observations. The captain of the party, Commander Cousteau, spoke of the possibility of (71)\_\_\_\_\_ the seabed. He said that some permanent stations were to be set up under the sea, and some undersea farms would provide food for the growing population of the world.

The divers in both "houses" spent most of their time (72)\_\_\_\_\_ the bottom of the sea. On four occasions, they went down to 360 feet and observed many extraordinary (73)\_\_\_\_\_ of the marine life, some of which had never been seen before. During their stay, Commander Cousteau and his divers reached a depth of 1,000 feet and witnessed a gathering of an immense (74)\_\_\_\_\_ of crabs rapidly in the water in a special vessel known as a "diving saucer".

- Question 66:** A. which                      B. what                      C. how                       D. whether
- Question 67:** A. underneath                       B. into                      C. down                      D. below
- Question 68:** A. in                       B. at                      C. on                      D. from
- Question 69:** A. any                      B. more                       C. much                      D. some
- Question 70:** A. made                      B. exercised                      C. caught                       D. done
- Question 71:** A. implanting                      B. transplanting                      C. growing                       D. cultivation
- Question 72:** A. inquiring                       B. exploring                      C. imploring                      D. enquiring
- Question 73:** A. systems                       B. forms                      C. breeds                      D. castes
- Question 74:** A. pack                      B. herd                       C. school                      D. flock
- Question 75:** A. able                       B. possible                      C. hardly                      D. capable

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.**

- Question 76:** A. buffalo                      B. dinosaur                      C. elephant                       D. mosquito
- Question 77:** A. relate                      B. protect                      C. compose                       D. settle
- Question 78:** A. significant                      B. convenient                      C. traditional                       D. fashionable
- Question 79:** A. agriculture                      B. dictionary                      C. supervisor                       D. catastrophe
- Question 80:** A. impatient                      B. initial                       C. innocent                      D. abnormal